

Probability and Statistics (3130006)

TUTORIAL 5: RANDOM VARIABLES

1. Define: Discrete Probability Distribution, Discrete Distribution Function, Continuous Probability Distribution, Continuous Distribution Function.

2. A random variable X has the following Probability function:

X	0	1	2	3	4
P(X=x)	K	3k	5k	7k	9k

Find (i) the value of k, (ii) $P(X < 3)$, $P(X \geq 3)$, $P(0 < X < 4)$, and (iii) Distribution function of X.

Ans: (i) 1/25, (ii) 9/25, 16/25, 3/5, and (iii) F(0)=1/25, F(1)=4/25, F(2)=9/25, F(3)=16/25, F(4)=1

3. A discrete random variable X has the following distribution function:

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{3}, & 1 \leq x < 4 \\ \frac{1}{2}, & 4 \leq x < 6 \\ \frac{5}{6}, & 6 \leq x < 10 \\ 1, & x \geq 10 \end{cases}$$

Find (i) $P(2 < X \leq 6)$, (ii) $P(X = 5)$, (iii) $P(X \leq 6)$, (iv) $P(x = 4)$.

Ans: (i) 1/2, (ii) 0, (iii) 5/6, (iv) 1/6

4. A discrete random variable can take all integer values from 1 to k each with the probability of $\frac{1}{k}$.

Show that its Mean and Variance are $\frac{k+1}{2}$ & $\frac{k^2-1}{12}$.

5. For the following Probability distribution:

X	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
P(X=x)	0.001	0.01	0.1	?	0.1	0.01	0.001

Find (i) Missing Probability, (ii) Mean, and (iii) Variance.

Ans: (i) 0.778, (ii) 0.2, (iii) 0.258

6. Let X denotes the minimum of two numbers that appear when a pair of fair dice is thrown once. Determine

(i) Probability Distribution, (ii) Expectation, and (iii) Variance. **Ans: (ii) 2.5278, (iii) 1.9713, and (i)**

X	1	2	3	4	5	6
P(X=x)	11/36	9/36	7/36	5/36	3/36	1/36

7. Find the value of k such that $f(x)$ is a probability density function. Find also, $P(X \leq 1.5)$.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} kx & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ k & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ k(3-x) & 2 \leq x \leq 3 \end{cases}$$

Ans: k=1/2, 1/2

8. Let X be a continuous random variable with pdf $f(x) = kx(1-x)$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$. Find k and determine a number b such that $P(X \leq b) = P(X \geq b)$.

Ans: k=6, b=1/2

9. Verify that the function $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 - e^{-x/4} & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$ is a distribution function. Also, find

$P(X \leq 4)$, $P(X \geq 8)$, $P(4 \leq X \leq 8)$. **Ans: (e-1)/2, 1/e², (e-1)/e²**

10. A continuous random variable has probability density function $f(x) = 6(x-x^2)$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$. Find the (i)

Mean, (ii) Variance, (iii) Median, (iv) Mode.

Ans: (i) 1/2, (ii) 1/20, (iii) 1/2, (iv) 1/2

11. The pdf of a continuous random variable X is $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|x|}$. Find Cumulative distribution function.

$$\text{Ans: } F(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}e^x & x \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-x} & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

12. Let X be a random variable with $E(X)=10$ and $\text{Var}(X)=25$. Find the positive values of a and b such that $Y=aX-b$ has an expectation of 0 and a variance of 1. **Ans: a=1/5, b=2**

13. A sampling a large number of parts manufactured by a machine, the Mean number of defectives in a sample of 20 is 2. Out of 1000 such samples, how many would be expected to contain exactly two defective parts? **Ans: 285 approximately [GTU Summer-2015]**

14. A multiple-choice test consists of 8 questions with 3 answers to each question (of which only one is correct). A student answer each question by rolling a balanced die and checking the first answer if he gets 1 or 2, the second answer if he gets 3 or 4, and the third answer if he gets 5 or 6. To get a distinction, the student must secure at least 75% correct answers. If there is no negative marking, what is the probability that the student secures a distinction? **Ans: 0.0197 [GTU Summer-2015]**
